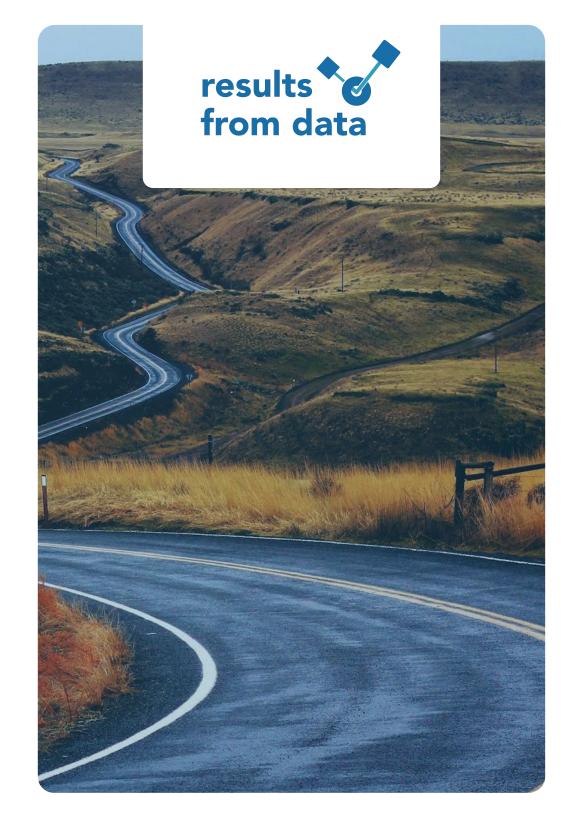


Data-Driven Operational Improvement

KSMTA FreightMath Alliance October 07, 2025



Agenda

- Introductions
- Moving from under- to over-sold (airline model)
- Preplanning as a driver of utilization and profitability
- Time-based strategies for dispatching and routing
- Kivi Bros. Trucking case study



Introductions

- Swan Webb,
 - The Results from Data Initiative
 - Data Scientist
 - 30 years of experience in transportation, management and data analytics
- Dakota Kivi
 - Kivi Bros. Trucking
 - Vice President of Operations
 - Flatbed operations
 - HR and recruiting
 - Pricing
 - Finance



Lag and Lead Measures



Lag Measures

- Good scoreboard
- Driving looking out the rearview mirror
- Daily or weekly computation
- e.g. miles per driver per week

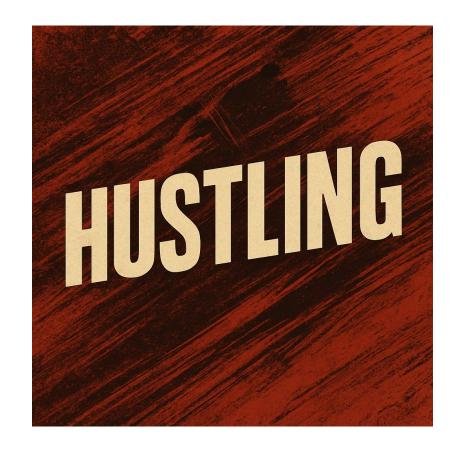
Lead Measures

- Shows you what you can do right now to make lag measures better
- Windshield view
- Often requires near real-time information
- e.g. trucks sitting now



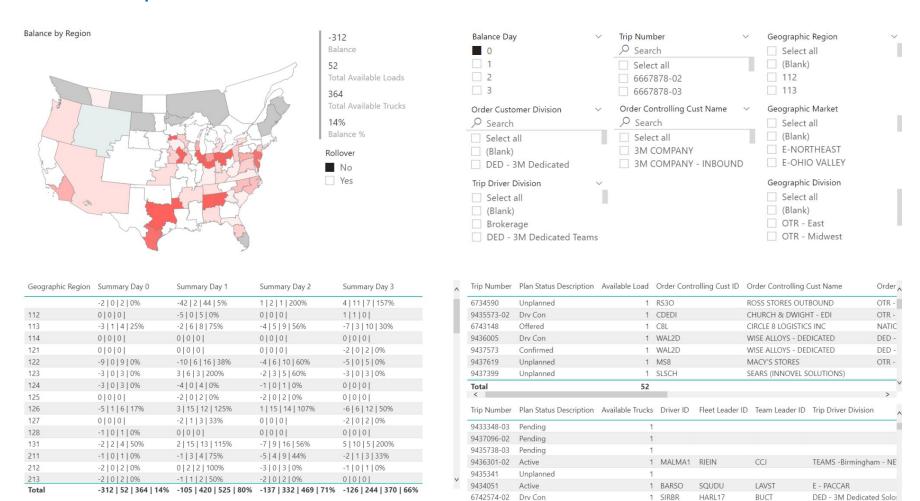
Overbooking

- Sets the tone of the entire operation to hustle
- Necessary to take advantage of utilization gains
- "Yes" is the default, "No" is the exception
- Enables planners and driver managers to choose the best load fits for drivers
- Constant pressure to cover "One more load"
- Utilize a balance map to solicit customer freight
 - Future network visibility
 - Need to solicit customer freight days in advance
- Leverage brokerage to cover excess
 - Works best in stable and consistent lanes
 - Develop trusted carrier relationships and capacity
- Use excess freight to smooth seasonal variations





Balance Map



Don't plan to sit

Total

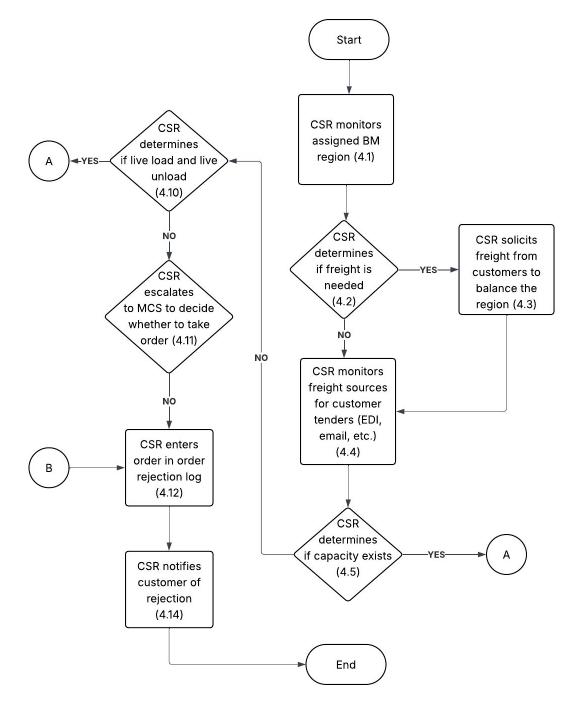


Balance | Available Loads | Available Trucks | (Balance %)

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Order Entry Procedure

- Build overbooking into your order entry procedure
- Put in a managerial speed bump to turndowns
- Track your turndowns in a turndown log so you can see, manage and improve them



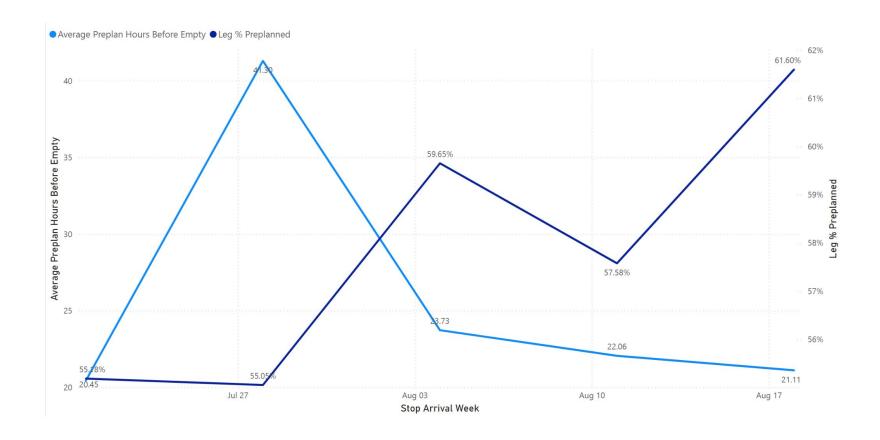


Tale of Two Drivers

	Bob	Susie
Preplan	Bob doesn't get a preplan. His DM tells him he can deliver between 0800 and 1700 and to give him a call when he is empty and he'll get him rolling	Susie's DM tells her the day before that she should arrive at the consignee at 0700 so she is first in line to deliver at 8 because she is preplanned on another load 30 miles away at 1100
How the Delivery Goes	Bob has a great breakfast at the truck stop before showing up at 1000 to deliver. He is 7th in line and ends up getting empty a little after 1200.	Susie is first in line at 0700 and is empty a little before 0900. She heads over to her next load with plenty of time.
The Next Load	Bob calls his DM after 1200 when he is empty, but his DM is out to lunch and calls him back at 1300. He notes that Bob is empty and asks the planner for load. The planner wasn't sure when Bob would be empty and begins looking for a broker load to cover him. After 2 hours, Bob gets dispatched on a load 100 miles away that picks up by 1700. He barely makes the pickup on time and is able to put down 100 miles before parking for the night	Susie picks up her load and is rolling a little after noon. She is able to put down 400 miles on her new load before parking for the night.
Total Loaded Miles	150 or (\$2.15 LHRPM X 150 = \$322.50)	450 or (\$2.50 X 450 = \$1,125.00)



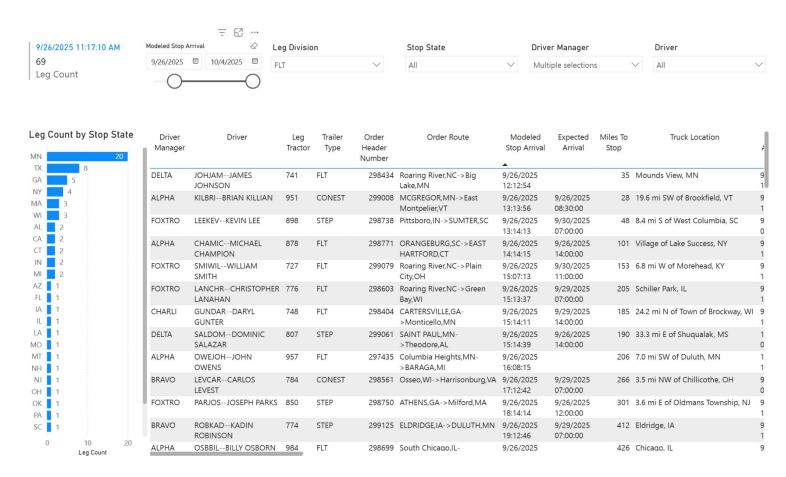
Preplan Lag Measures



- Communicates the plan to drivers
- Hustles drivers
- Puts operation into a more proactive than reactive stance
- Plan for success, manage exceptions



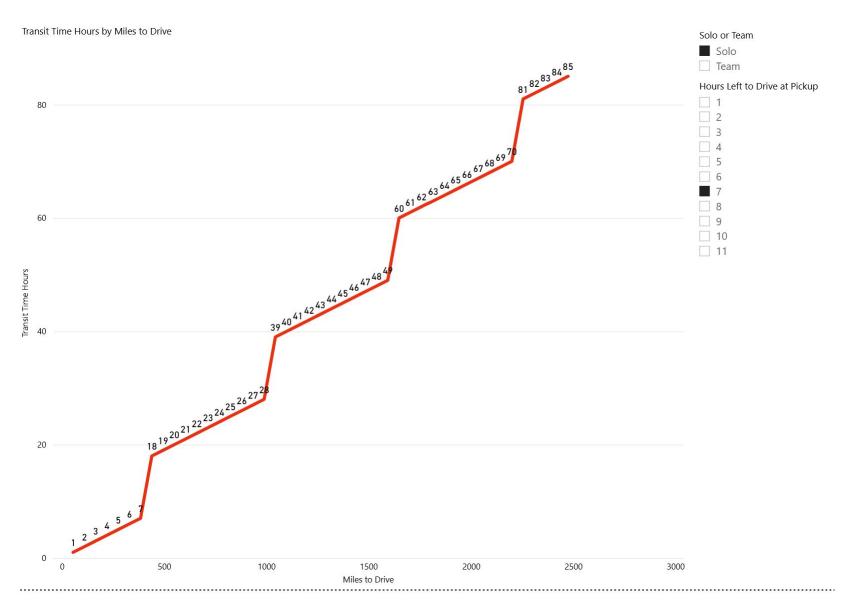
Dispatched, Not Preplanned Lead Measure



- Lead measure for actions that need to be taken now
- Dispatch all trucks delivering tomorrow before we go home tonight
- 2 Hours Per Day Per Truck X 55 miles per hour X \$2.50 per mile X 25% variable operating margin X 250 Trucks X 240 Days Per Year = \$4.125M annually

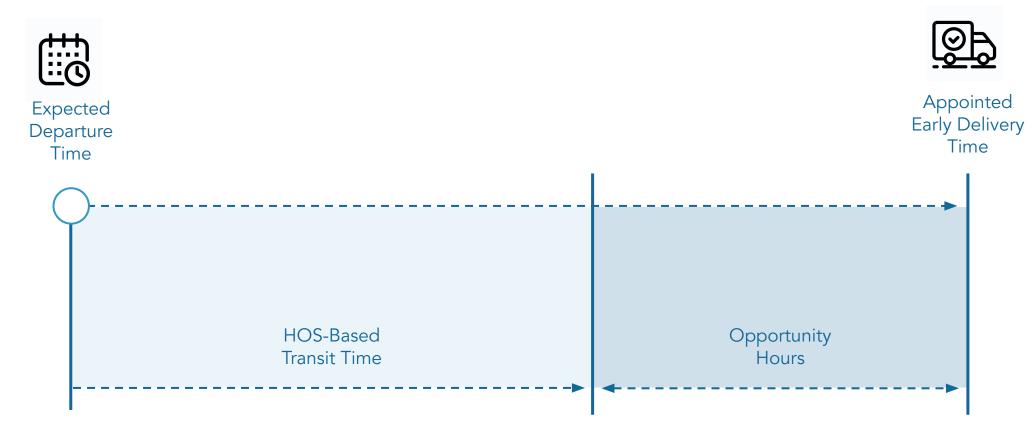


Hours of Service-Based Transit Time





Opportunity Hours

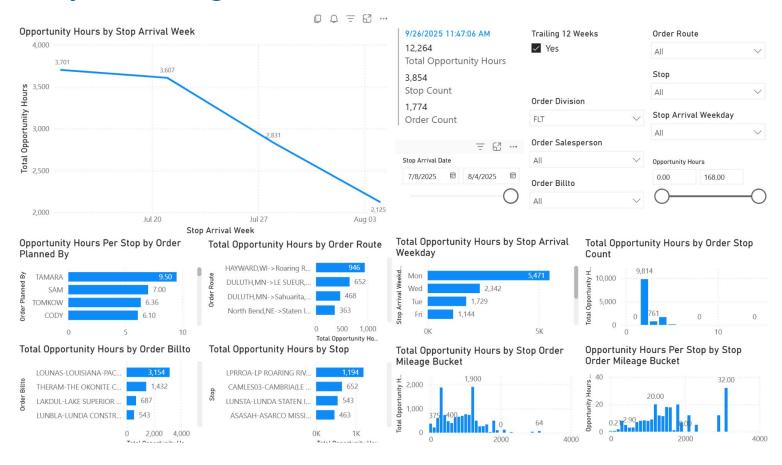


- Opportunity hours are the difference between when a driver can get to an appointment and the earliest appointment time
- Set appointment times to match HOS-based transit times to eliminate opportunity hours



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Opportunity Hours Lag Measure



- Most mid-sized carriers have thousands of opportunity hours per week
- 5,000 hours X 55 miles per hour X \$2.50 per mile X 25% variable operating margin = \$171,875 in additional profit per week (\$8.9M annually)



Stop Duration Lag Measure



- Managing stop duration can also have a significant impact on utilization and profitability
- 1 hour per stop X 4,000 stops per month X 55 miles per hour X \$2.50 per mile X 25% variable operating margin = \$137,500 in additional profit per month (\$1.65M annually)



Case Study



- Before Implementation
 - o Key areas of focus for improvement
 - Driver Utilization
 - Driver Turnover
 - Revenue Quality
 - Visibility & Accountability
 - Standard Operating Procedures To Align Team
- Outcome After Implementation

Category	Improvement	Results
Operating Ratio	10% Decrease	Improved profitability
Average Miles per Driver per Week	8% Increase	Better driver utilization
Normalized Linehaul Rate per Mile	11% Increase	Increased revenue per mile
Annual Driver Turnover	60% Decrease	Improved retention and satisfaction
Opportunity Hours	9% Decrease	Better time utilization
Drivers Preplanned Before Empty	11% Increase	Improved driver utilization and communication



Lead Measures for Decisive Hour-by-Hour Action

- Transit Time Optimization
 - Transit Time Calculator
 - Appointment Setting Based on Real HOS Availability Reducing Excess Transit Times
- Driver Availability Monitoring
 - Driver Sitting
- Preplanning Loads / Monitoring
 - Daily monitoring of loads not preplanned
- Capacity Planning & Optimization
 - Customer Service Utilized the Network Balance Map to Ensure In-Network Planned Capacity





Lag Measures for Performance Visibility and Accountability

- Weekly Management Meetings Reviewing KPI's
 - Average miles per driver per week
 - Normalized linehaul revenue per mile
 - Average preplan hours before empty
 - Opportunity hours
 - In-network vs. out-of-network freight balance
 - Facilitated by The Grawe Group
- Process Development & Standardization
 - Along with The Grawe Group developed SOP's aligning people, processes & data tools
 - Created clear roles and responsibilities



